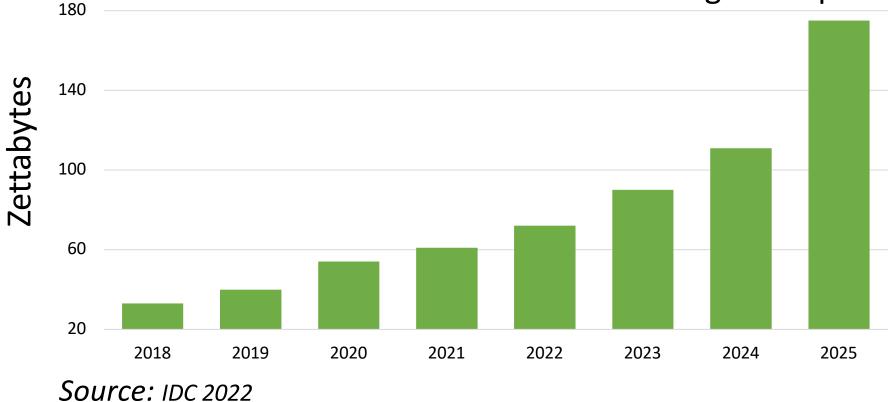
Characterizing I/O in Machine Learning Workloads

Oana Balmau Resource-Aware ML Day @ ITU, February 13th, 2023



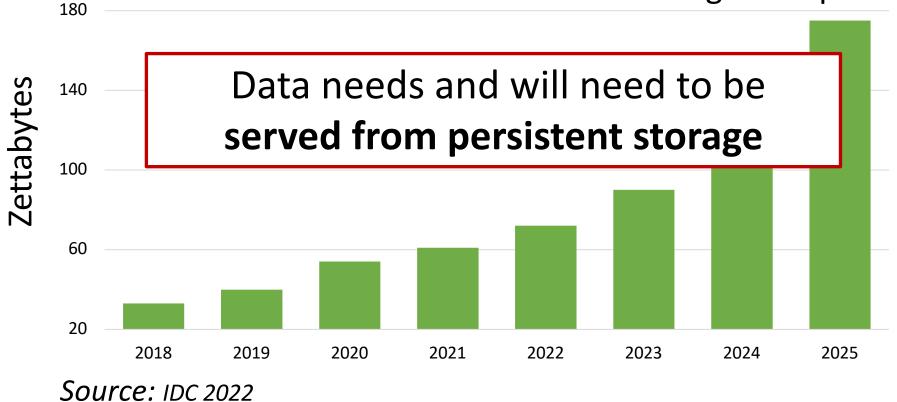
Humanity produces a lot of data

Data expected to grow exponentially



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Data is the moving force of ML algorithms

... but in many projects the storage decision is an afterthought

Data is the moving force of ML algorithms

... but in many projects the storage decision is an afterthought

Why create an ML Storage benchmark?

Current ML/AI benchmarks

Many existing ML/AI benchmarks







PMLDB



DAWNBench

Current ML/AI benchmarks

• Focus on end-to-end testing

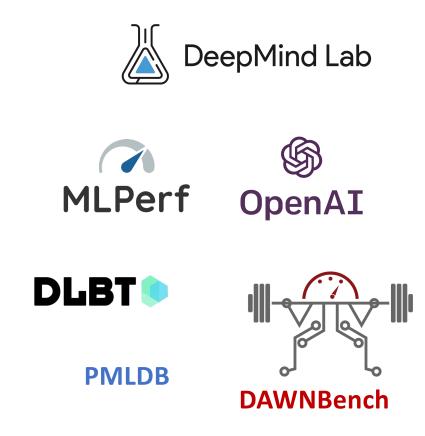
 \rightarrow hard to isolate value of each component

• Insist on training and inference speed

→ tend to simplify storage

→ ignore pre-processing

- Expensive accelerators needed to run
- Require **extensive entry knowledge**



Why create an ML Storage benchmark?

- Understand <u>storage</u> bottlenecks in ML workloads and propose optimizations
 - Help AI/ML researchers and practitioners make an informed <u>storage</u> decision

MLPerf Storage working group Who are we?

Mix of industry and academia



NVIDIA

Benchmark Vision

Existing benchmarks

Focus on end-to-end testing

Simplified storage setup

Expensive accelerators needed to run

Require extensive entry knowledge

Our work

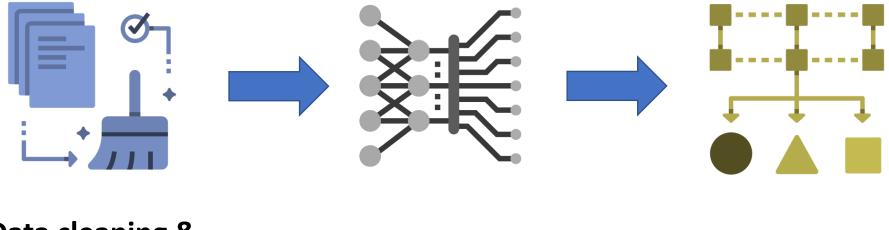
Focus on storage impact in ML/AI

Realistic storage & pre-processing settings

No accelerator required to run

Minimal AI/ML knowledge required

Stages of the ML Pipeline

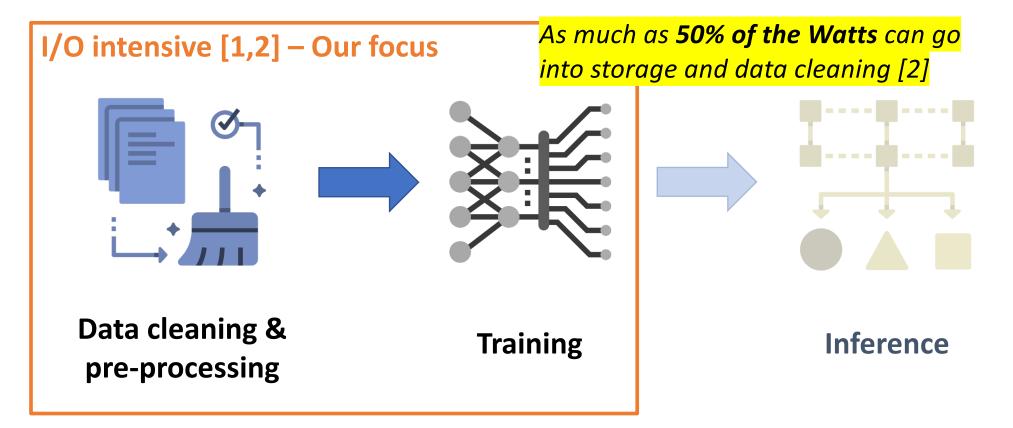


Data cleaning & pre-processing

Training

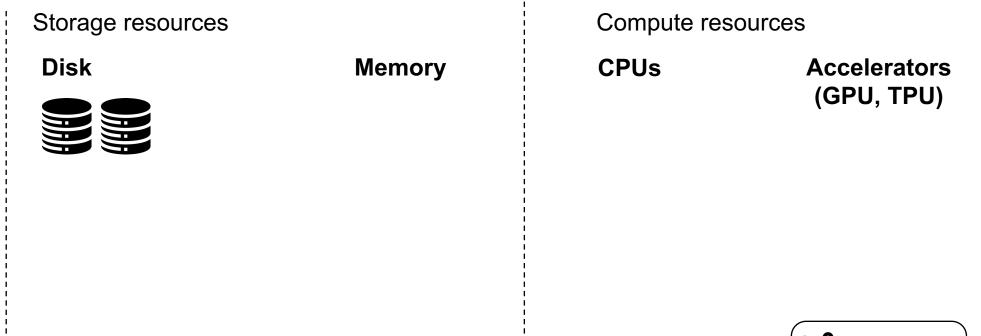
Inference

Stages of the ML Pipeline

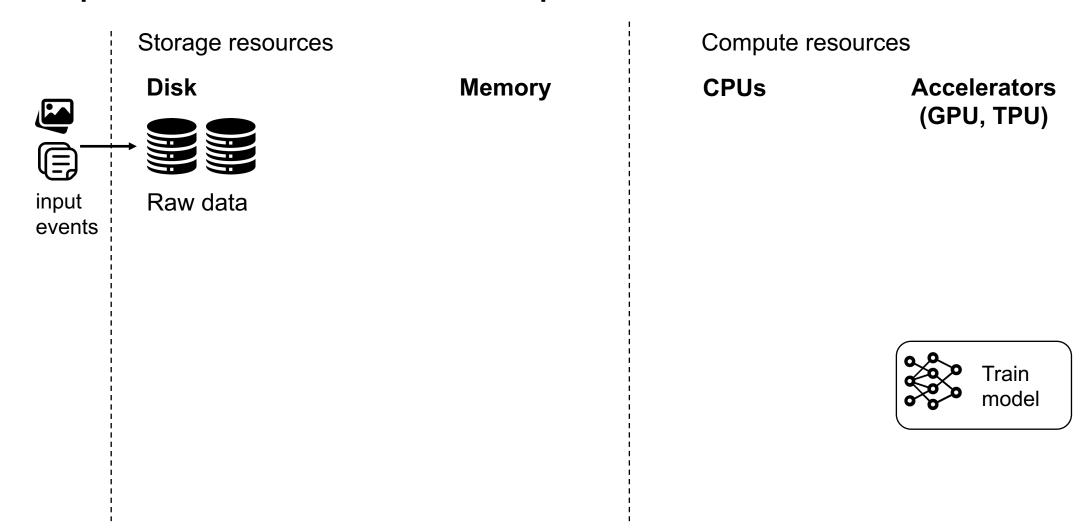


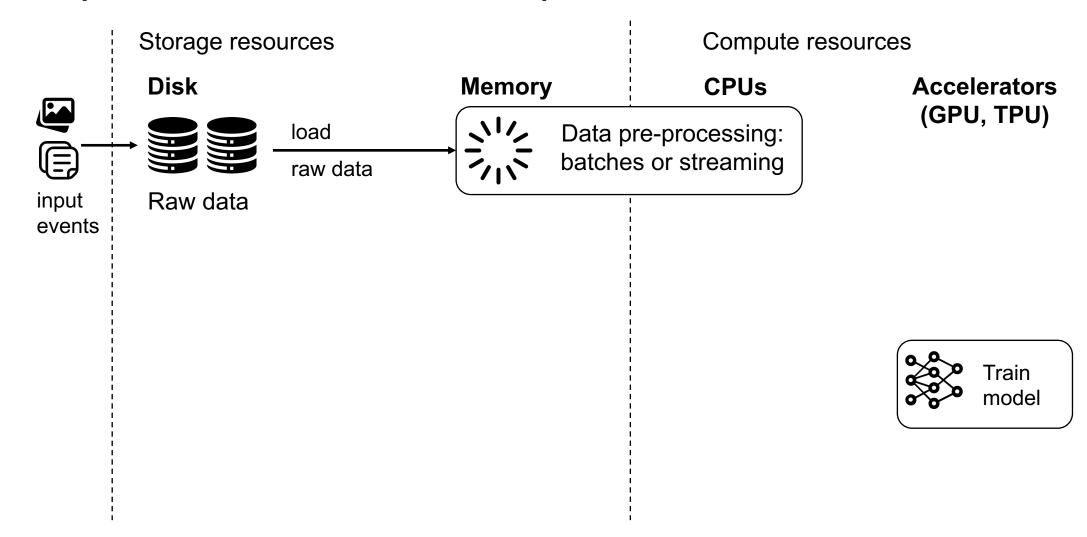
[1] Murray et al. tf.data: A Machine Learning Data Processing Framework, VLDB 21.

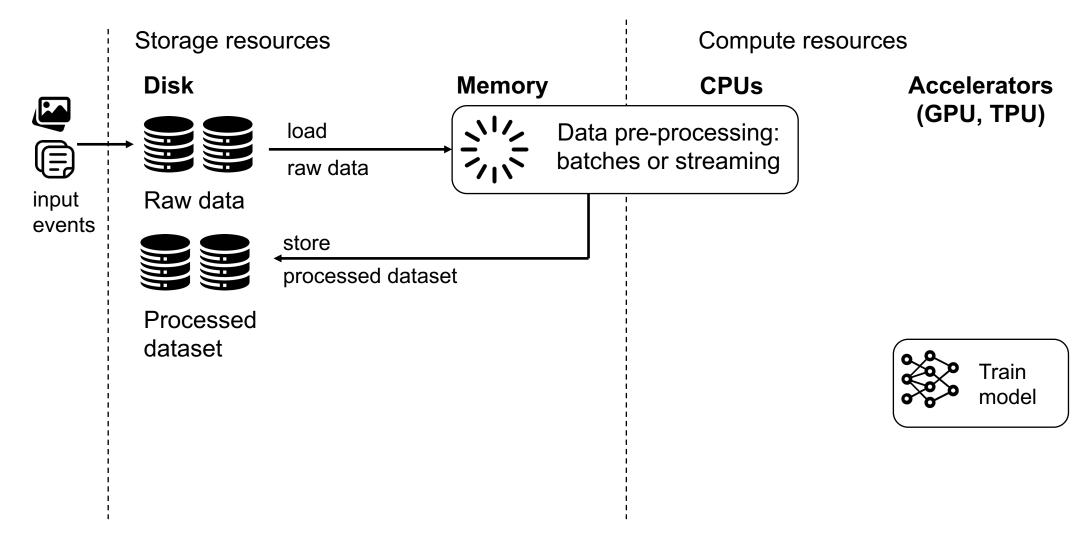
[2] Zhao et a. Understanding Data Storage and Ingestion for Large-Scale Deep Recommendation Model Training ISCA 22.

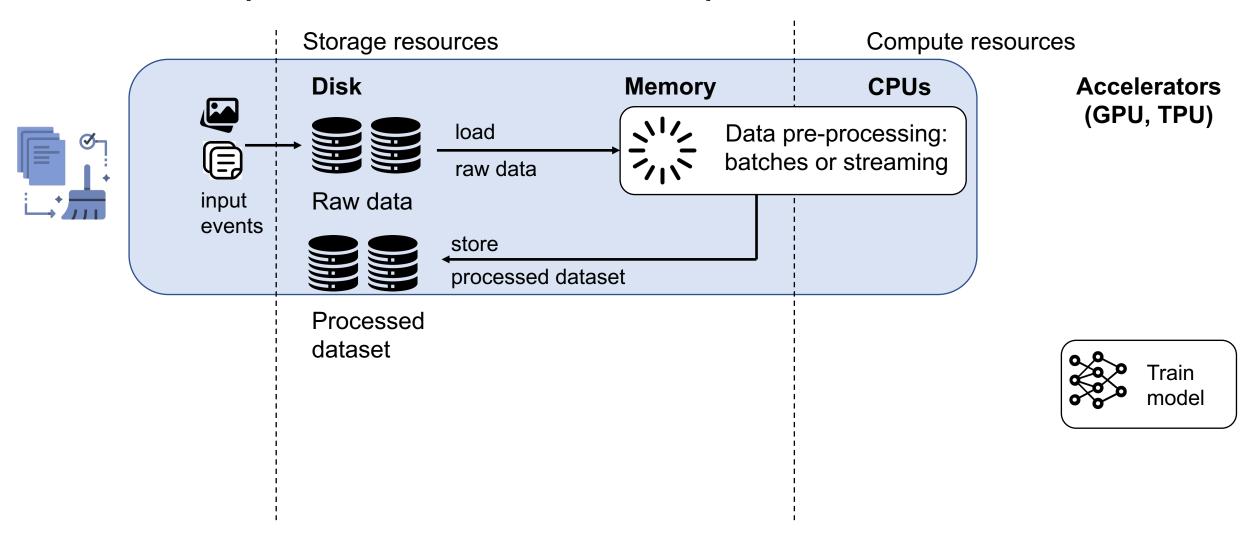




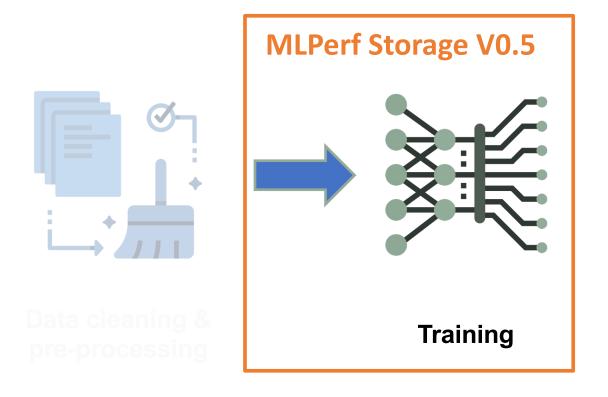








MLPerf Storage V0.5



Focus on storage impact in ML/AI Realistic storage settings in training phase No accelerator required to run Minimal AI/ML knowledge required



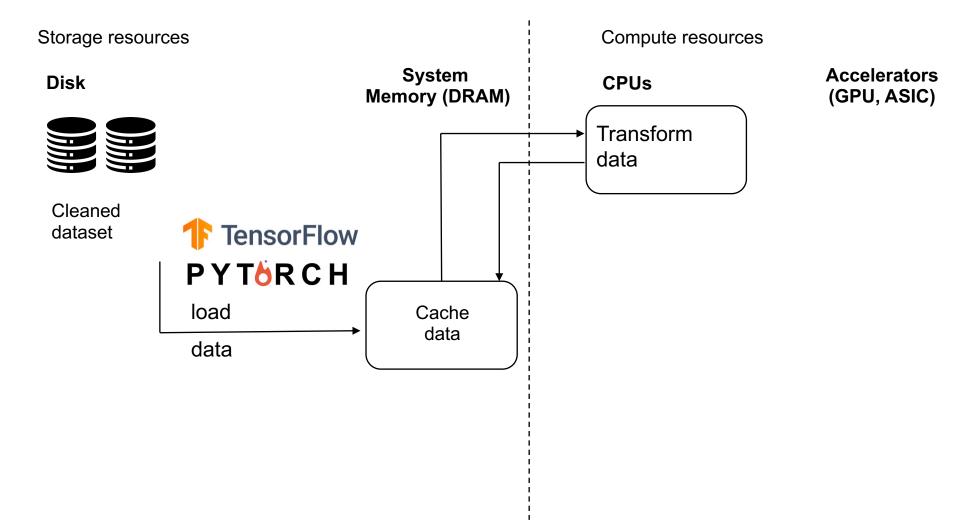
Storage resources		Compute resources	
Disk	System Memory (DRAM)	CPUs	Accelerators (GPU, ASIC)
Cleaned			
dataset			



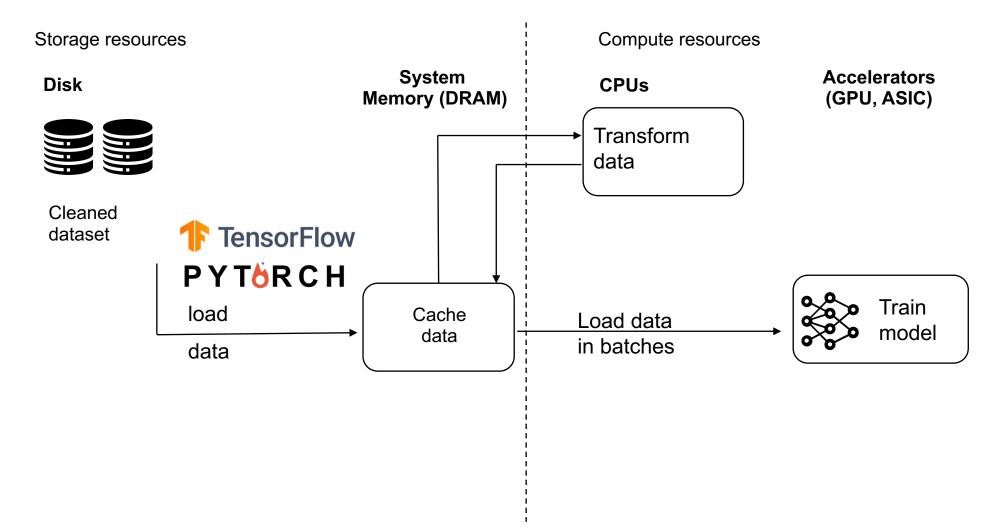
Storage resour	rces		Compute resource	S
Disk		System Memory (DRAM)	CPUs	Accelerators (GPU, ASIC)
Cleaned dataset	TensorFlow PYTÖRCH load	Cache		
	data	► data		

÷









MLPerf Storage V0.5 – workloads

Workload	Image segmentation	Natural language processing	Recommender Systems
Model	Unet3D	BERT	DLRM
Seed data	KiTS19 Set of images	Wikipedia 2020 Text	Criteo Terabyte Click logs
Framework	Pytorch	Tensorflow	Pytorch
I/O behavior	Random access inside many small files	Sequential access of small subset of files, streamed.	Random access inside one large file

https://github.com/mlcommons/storage

Preview package

- Single node
- Many **simulated accelerators**.

- Synthetic datasets generated from real dataset seed.
- Local storage

Experiment setup

• DGX-1 server

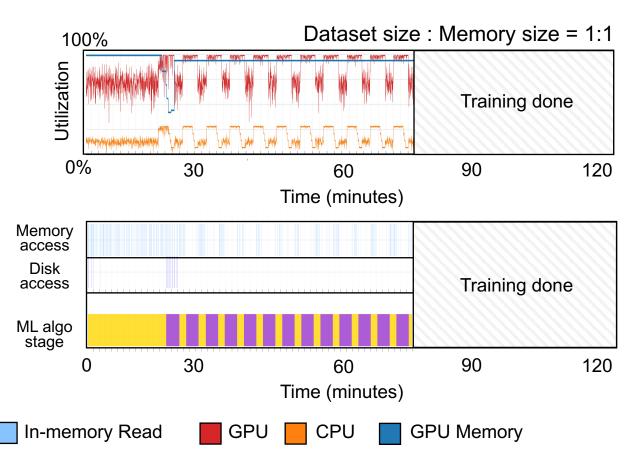
ML Training

- 8 x V100 GPUs, 32GB GPU memory
- 512GB DRAM
- Image segmentation workload:
 - Unet3D, Pytorch
 - MLPerf Training implementation

ML Evaluation

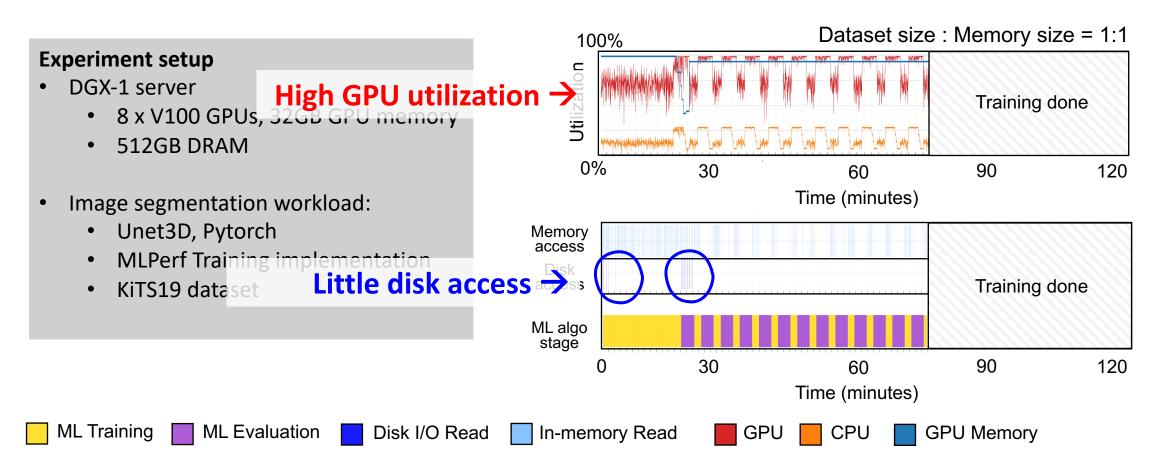
• KiTS19 dataset

Dataset fits in system memory



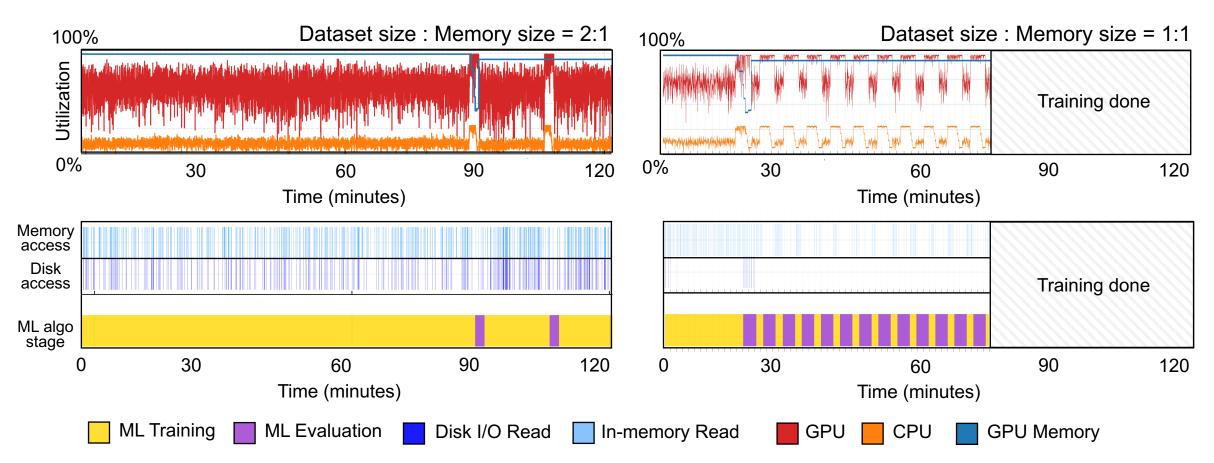
Disk I/O Read

Dataset fits in system memory



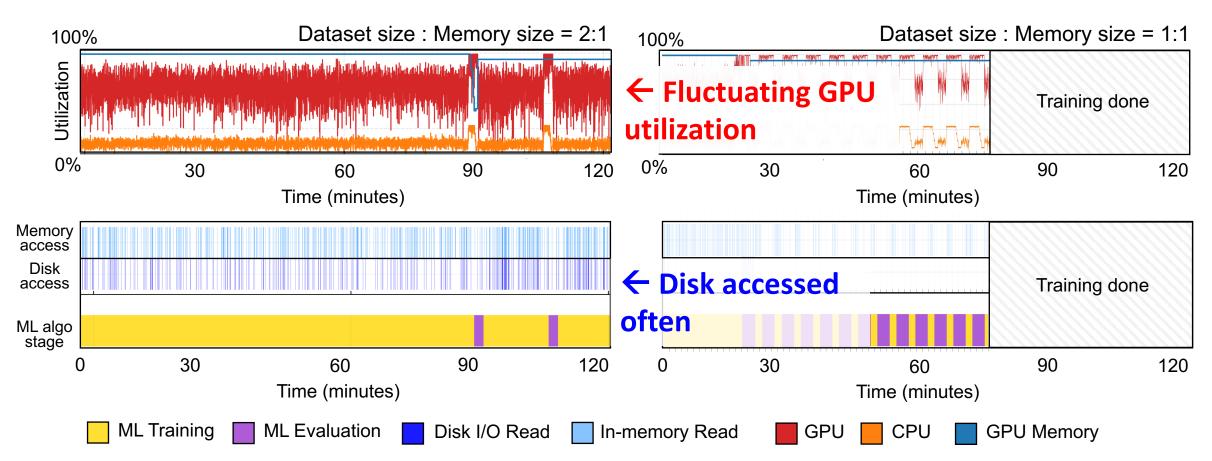
Dataset does not fit in memory

Dataset fits in system memory

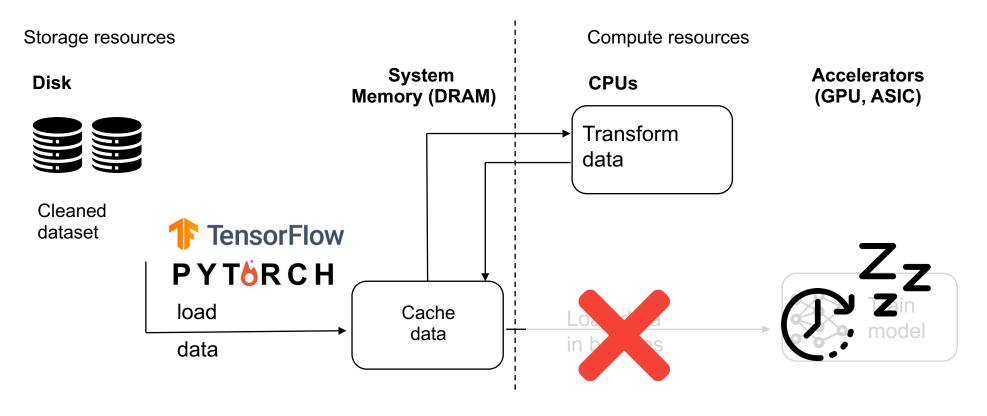


Dataset does not fit in memory

Dataset fits in system memory

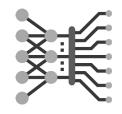






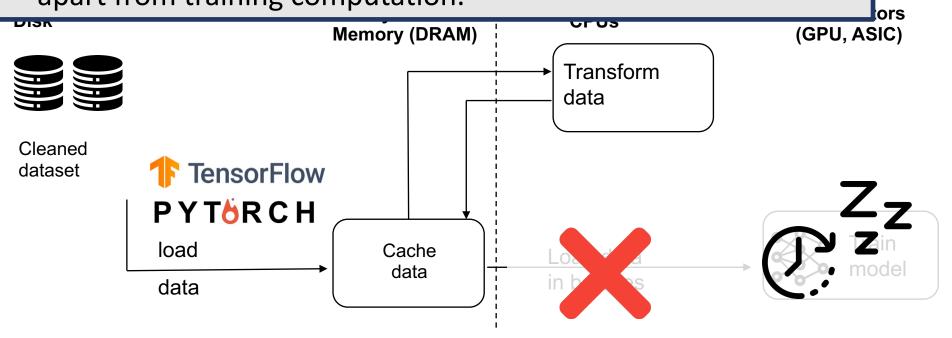
Benchmark is built as an extension of DLIO [1]

[1] H. Devarajan, H. Zheng, et al. DLIO: A Data-Centric Benchmark for Scientific Deep Learning Applications, CCGrid '21.



Data pipeline in MLPerf Storage benchmark

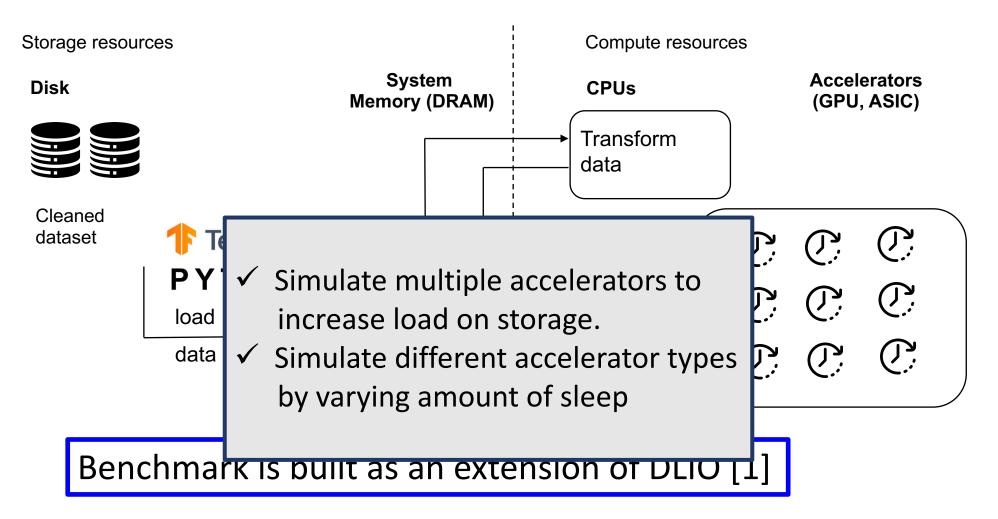
Realistic storage settings: nothing changes in data pipeline, apart from training computation.



Benchmark is built as an extension of DLIO [1]

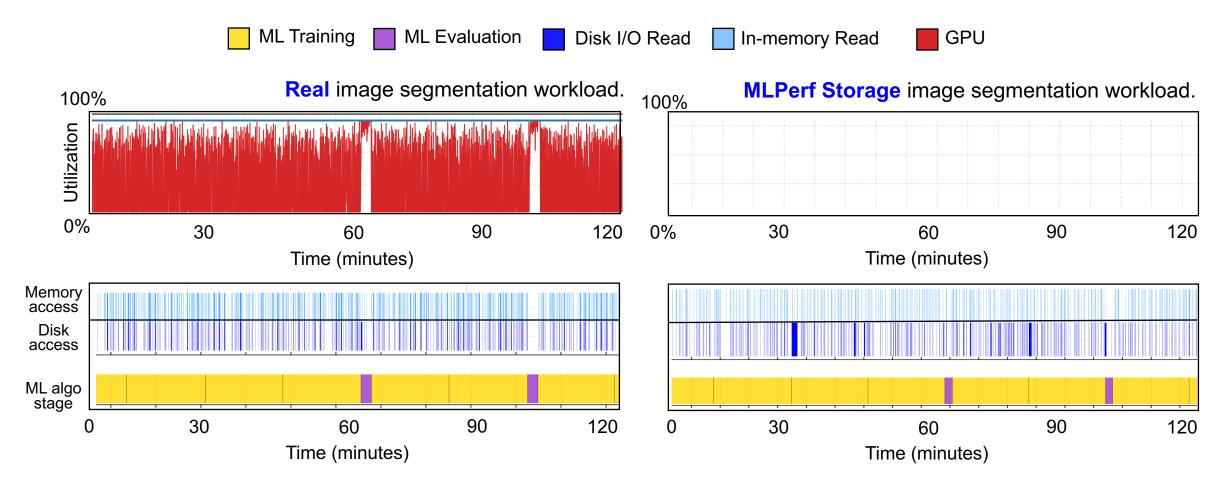
[1] H. Devarajan, H. Zheng, et al. DLIO: A Data-Centric Benchmark for Scientific Deep Learning Applications, CCGrid '21.





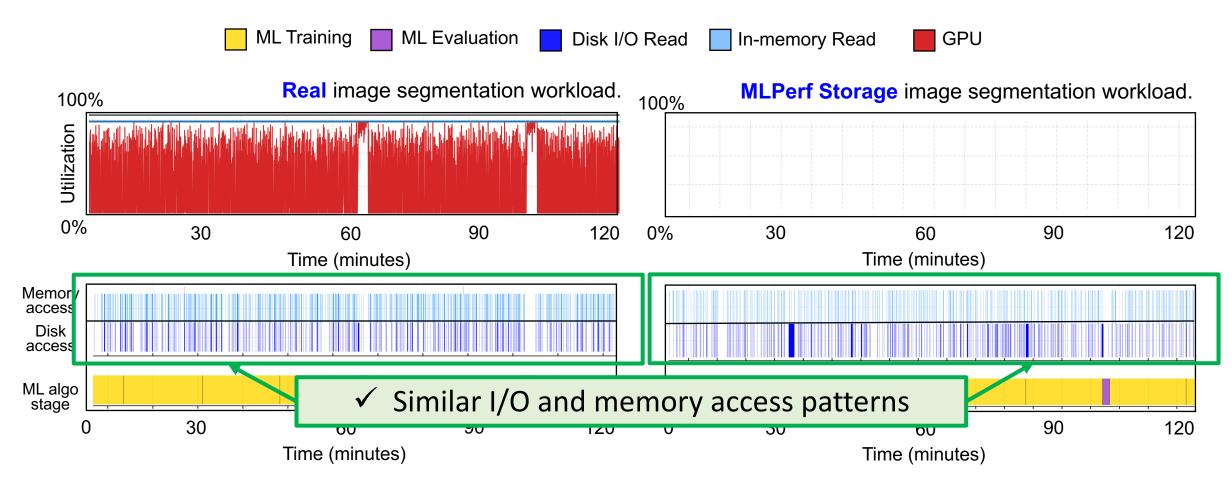
[1] H. Devarajan, H. Zheng, et al. DLIO: A Data-Centric Benchmark for Scientific Deep Learning Applications, CCGrid '21.

Simulating training time does not impact I/O patterns



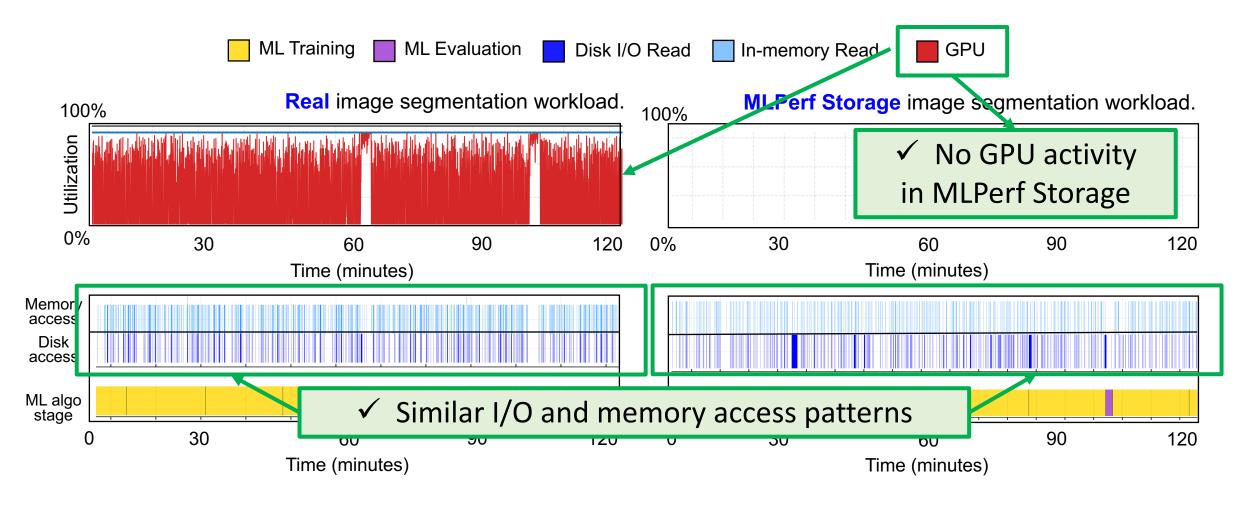
Experiment setup: DGX-1 with 8xV100 GPUs, 512GB DRAM. Dataset : KiTS19, Dataset size: Memory size ratio 2:1

Simulating training time does not impact I/O patterns



Experiment setup: DGX-1 with 8xV100 GPUs, 512GB DRAM. Dataset : KiTS19, Dataset size: Memory size ratio 2:1

Simulating training time does not impact I/O patterns



Experiment setup: DGX-1 with 8xV100 GPUs, 512GB DRAM. Dataset : KiTS19, Dataset size: Memory size ratio 2:1

Next Steps

Collect processing times for different accelerator types.

Open benchmark for submissions.

→ <u>https://github.com/mlcommons/storage/tree/v0.5-branch</u>

Parallelism

Trace and benchmark **ML pre-processing phase**.

Key Takeaways – MLPerf Storage

MLPerf Storage is a new benchmark

Realistic storage settings

No accelerators required to run

Follow MLPerf Storage repository for updates:

https://github.com/mlcommons/storage

Get involved mlcommons.org/en/get-involved/ We appreciate your feedback

Share your thoughts Email <u>oana.balmau@cs.mcgill.ca</u>

Thanks to all working group co-chairs!







Curtis Anderson Panasas Arg

Huihuo Zheng Argonne National Labs

Johnu George, Nutanix

McGill DISCS Lab



Dr. Stella Bitchebe

PhD Candidates:



Nelson Bore

discslab.cs.mcgill.ca gitlab.cs.mcgill.ca/discs-lab

Masters Students

Researcher

Undergraduate Students



Sebastian Rolon

Loïc Ho-Von

Aayush Kapur



Aidan Goldfarb



Rahma Nouaji







Zachary Doucet

Christian Zhao

Zhongjie Wu

Jiaxuan Chen

Changjun Zhou

Olivier Michaud